

APCWQIS 2014 at TAINAN

Photon Number Combs

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KIAS (Korea Inst. for Adv. Study)

cf. JK et al., Optics Comm. (2014), arXiv 2010

Imoto, Yamamoto, Munro, ...

Shapiro, P.K. Lam,

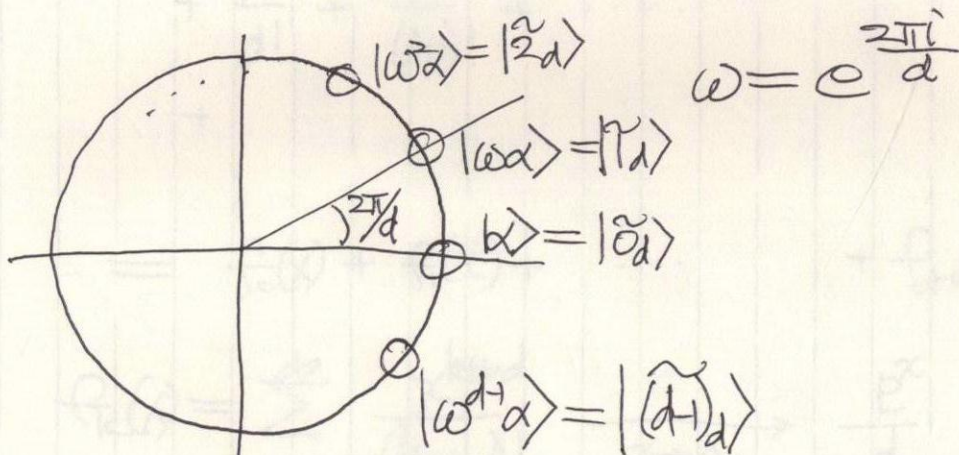
π -day

e-day e-time

Feb. 7, 18:28 at KIAS

$e \cong 2.7182818284590\dots$

$$\{ |0\rangle, |1\rangle \} \xrightleftharpoons{H} \{ |+\rangle, |-\rangle \}$$



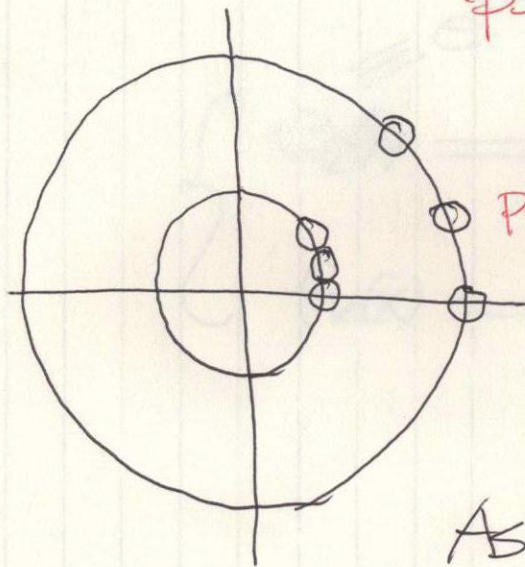
$$|0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} \sum_{k=0}^{d-1} \left\{ \sqrt{d} \cdot e^{\frac{-|\alpha|^2}{2}} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^{k+md}}{\sqrt{(k+md)!}} |k+md\rangle \right\}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\equiv |k_d\rangle}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e^x &= \frac{x^0}{0!} + \frac{x^1}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{x^{d-1}}{(d-1)!} \\
 &+ \frac{x^d}{d!} + \frac{x^{d+1}}{(d+1)!} + \dots \\
 &+ \dots \\
 &\vdots \\
 &= f_0(x) + f_1(x) + \dots + f_{d-1}(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f_k(x) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{k+md}}{(k+md)!} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{d}$$

$$\langle k_d | k_d \rangle = \frac{d}{e^{d^2}} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{d^{k+md}}{(k+md)!} \xrightarrow{|k^R \rightarrow \infty} 1$$



pseudo-phase: NORMAL

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} |\tilde{l}_d\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} \sum_{k=0}^{d-1} \omega^{lk} |k_d\rangle = |\omega^l \alpha\rangle \end{aligned} \right.$$

pseudo-number: ORTHOGONAL

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} |k_d\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} \sum_{l=0}^{d-1} \omega^{-kl} |\tilde{l}_d\rangle \end{aligned} \right.$$

"EXACT !!!"

As $|d| \rightarrow$ bigger,

$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \text{ORTHOGONALITY of } |\tilde{l}_d\rangle &\rightarrow \text{better} \\ \text{NORMALITY of } |k_d\rangle &\rightarrow \text{better} \end{aligned} \right.$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{O}\left(e^{-k^2 \frac{4\pi^2}{d^2}}\right)}$$

$$\begin{cases} e_l(x) \equiv e^{\omega_l x} \\ e_l(x) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \omega^{lk} f_k(x) \\ f_k(x) = \sum_{l \in \mathbb{Z}} \omega^{-kl} e_l(x) \end{cases}$$

"exact!!!"

$$\{ |0\rangle, |1\rangle \}$$

$$\{ |+\rangle, |-\rangle \}$$

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} \phi & \\ & -1 \end{bmatrix} = (-1)^0 |0\rangle\langle 0| + (-1)^1 |1\rangle\langle 1|$$

$$= \omega^{\hat{n}}$$

$$Z = (-1)^{\hat{n}_c \cdot \hat{n}_t} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \\ & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Z^0 & \\ & Z^1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{ |0_d\rangle, |1_d\rangle, \dots, |d-1_d\rangle \}$$

$$\{ |\tilde{0}_d\rangle, |\tilde{1}_d\rangle, \dots, |\tilde{d-1}_d\rangle \}$$

$\begin{matrix} \color{red}{\|} & \color{red}{\|} & \color{red}{\|} \\ \color{red}{\omega^0} & \color{red}{\omega^1} & \color{red}{\omega^{d-1}} \end{matrix}$

$$Z_d = \begin{bmatrix} \omega^0 & & & \\ & \omega^1 & & \\ & & \omega^2 & \dots \\ & & & \dots & \omega^{d-1} \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{k=0}^{d-1} \omega^k |k\rangle\langle k| = \omega^{\hat{n}}$$

$$Z_d = \omega^{\hat{n}_c \cdot \hat{n}_t}$$

$$= e^{\frac{2\pi i}{d} \hat{n}_c \hat{n}_t}$$

$$CZ_{12} |+\rangle_1 |+\rangle_2 = \frac{|0\rangle |+\rangle + |1\rangle |-\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$CZ_{12} CZ_{23} |+\rangle_1 |+\rangle_2 |+\rangle_3 = \frac{|+\rangle |0\rangle |+\rangle + |-\rangle |1\rangle |-\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$|+\rangle \text{---} CZ \text{---} |+\rangle \text{---} CZ \text{---} |+\rangle$$

$$\text{---} CZ \text{---} CZ \text{---} CZ$$

$$|+\rangle \text{---} CZ \text{---} |+\rangle \text{---} CZ \text{---} |+\rangle$$

$$\text{---} CZ \text{---} CZ \text{---} CZ$$

$$|+\rangle \text{---} CZ \text{---} \dots$$

$$\vdots$$

: cluster states

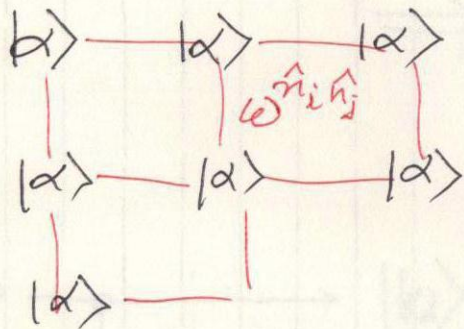
$$\begin{aligned}
 \omega^{\hat{n}_1, \hat{n}_2} |\alpha\rangle_1 |\alpha\rangle_2 &= \omega^{\hat{n}_1, \hat{n}_2} \sum_{k=0}^d \frac{|k\rangle_1}{\sqrt{d}} |\alpha\rangle_2 \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^d \frac{|k\rangle_1}{\sqrt{d}} \underbrace{\omega^{k \hat{n}_2} |\alpha\rangle_2}_{= |\omega \alpha\rangle_2 = |\tilde{k}\rangle_2} = |\tilde{k}\rangle_2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} \sum_{k=0}^d |k\rangle_1 |\tilde{k}\rangle_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} \sum_{k=0}^d |\tilde{k}\rangle_1 |k\rangle_2
 \end{aligned}$$

\uparrow
 CZ_d : generalized

maximal entanglement.

$$\text{Ex. } CZ_2 |+\rangle_1 |+\rangle_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle_1 |+\rangle_2 + |1\rangle_1 |-\rangle_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2 + |-\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2)$$

qudit cluster state



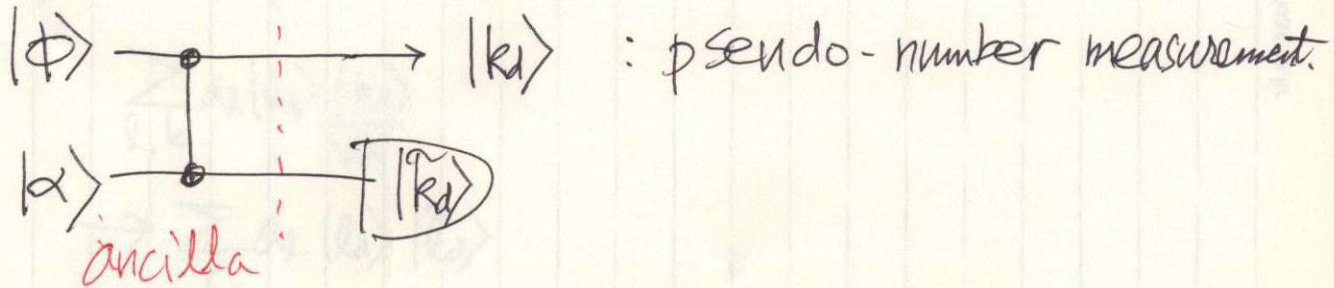
$$\mathcal{D}\left(e^{-|\alpha|^2} \frac{4\pi^2}{d^2}\right)$$

$$\& e^{\frac{2\pi i}{d} \hat{n}_1 \hat{n}_2} = e^{i\chi L \hat{n}_1 \hat{n}_2}$$

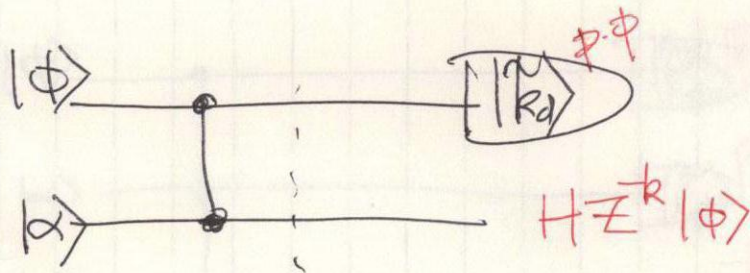
$$|\alpha\rangle \leftarrow \frac{2\pi}{d} = \chi L$$

$|\tilde{k}_d\rangle = |\omega^k \alpha\rangle$: pseudo-phase measurement.

\Rightarrow HOMODYNE



ONE-STEP TELEPORTATION

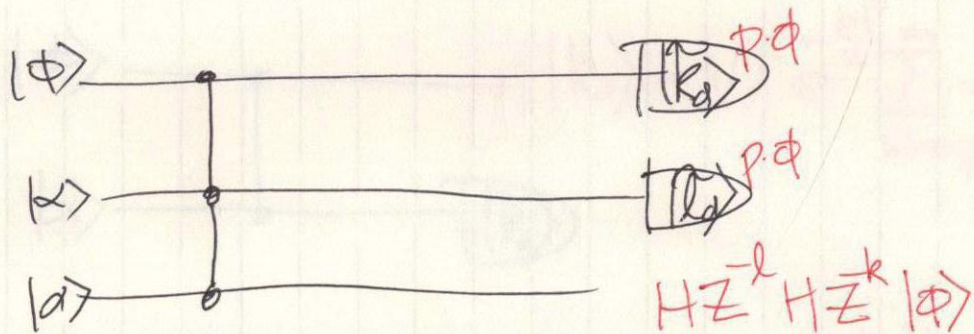


$$\sum_{l,k} a_l |l_d\rangle \frac{|k_d\rangle}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_l a_l |l_d\rangle |k_d\rangle$$

$$\rightarrow \sum a_l \omega^{kl} |l_d\rangle = H Z^{-k} |l_d\rangle$$

(TWO-STEP) QUDIT TELEPORTATION

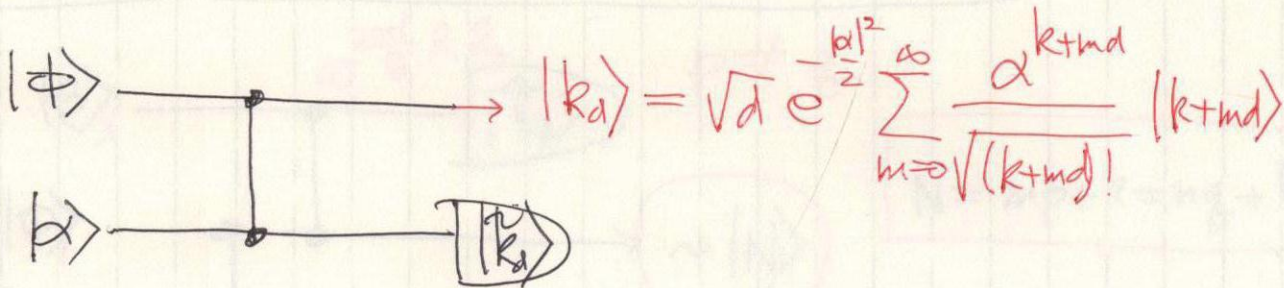


reference for teleportation

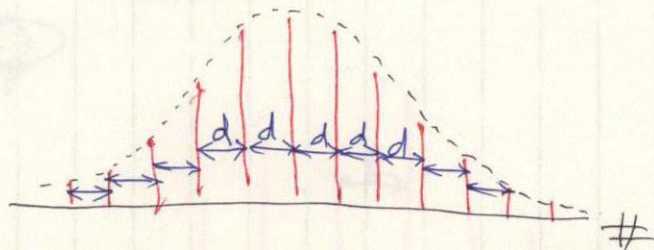
proton number comb

of frequency comb

PSEUDO-NUMBER MEASUREMENT



$$|k_a\rangle = \sqrt{d} e^{-\frac{|d|^2}{2}} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^{k+md}}{\sqrt{(k+md)!}} |k+md\rangle$$



“photon number comb”

of frequency comb

Thank you so much

謝謝大家

